E2 0lr1810

By: Delegate Grammer

Introduced and read first time: January 23, 2020

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

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Evidence – Admission of Statement – Unavailability of Witness (Witness Protection Act)

4 FOR the purpose of expanding the applicability of a certain exception to the hearsay rule 5 by authorizing the admission of a certain statement in any criminal case; expanding 6 the applicability of a certain exception to the hearsay rule by authorizing the 7 admission of a statement offered against a party that has acquiesced in the 8 commission of certain wrongdoing under certain circumstances; repealing a 9 requirement that the Maryland Rules of Evidence be strictly applied at a certain hearing; altering the standard of proof by which a judge in the trial of a criminal case 10 11 must make certain findings before the judge may admit into evidence a certain 12 statement; altering the findings that a certain judge must make in the trial of a 13 criminal case before the judge may admit into evidence a certain statement; and 14 generally relating to evidence.

- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 17 Section 10–901
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 21 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings

23 10-901.

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24 (a) During the trial of a criminal case [in which the defendant is charged with a 25 felonious violation of Title 5 of the Criminal Law Article or with the commission of a crime



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- of violence as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article], a statement as defined in 1 2 Maryland Rule 5–801(a) is not excluded by the hearsay rule if the statement is offered 3 against a party that has engaged in, directed, [or] conspired to commit, OR ACQUIESCED 4 IN THE COMMISSION OF wrongdoing that was intended to and did procure the 5 unavailability of the declarant of the statement, as defined in Maryland Rule 5–804. 6 Subject to subsection (c) of this section, before admitting a statement under
- 7 this section, the court shall hold a hearing outside the presence of the jury at which[:
- 8 The Maryland Rules of Evidence are strictly applied; and (1)
- 9 (2)THE court finds by [clear and convincing evidence] A 10 PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE that the party against whom the statement is 11 offered engaged in, directed, [or] conspired to commit, OR ACQUIESCED IN THE 12 **COMMISSION OF** the wrongdoing that procured the unavailability of the declarant.
 - A statement may not be admitted under this section unless: (c)
- 14 (1) The statement was:
- 15 Given under oath subject to the penalty of perjury at a trial, hearing, or other proceeding or in a deposition; 16
- 17 Reduced to writing and signed by the declarant; or (ii)
- 18 Recorded in substantially verbatim fashion by stenographic or (iii) 19 electronic means contemporaneously with the making of the statement; and
- 20 As soon as is practicable after the proponent of the statement learns 21that the declarant will be unavailable, the proponent notifies the adverse party of:
- 22(i) The intention to offer the statement:
- 23 The particulars of the statement; and (ii)
- 24(iii) The identity of the witness through whom the statement will be 25offered.
- 26 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 27 October 1, 2020.