E2 HB 782/19 – JUD

By: Delegate Atterbeary

Introduced and read first time: January 17, 2020 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Procedure – Motion to Vacate Judgment – Human Trafficking 3 (True Freedom Act of 2020)

4 FOR the purpose of altering the eligibility for the filing of a certain motion to vacate $\mathbf{5}$ judgment; altering the required contents of a certain motion; requiring that a certain 6 motion be served on a certain State's Attorney; requiring that a certain motion be 7 mailed to a certain victim or victim's representative at a certain address under 8 certain circumstances; authorizing the court to grant a certain motion under certain 9 circumstances; requiring the court to take certain factors into consideration when 10 making a certain finding; requiring the court to grant a certain motion without a 11 hearing under certain circumstances; authorizing the court to dismiss a certain 12motion without a hearing under certain circumstances; repealing the authority of 13 the court to take certain actions in ruling on a certain motion; requiring the court to 14 vacate a certain conviction if the court grants a certain motion; providing that a 15certain conviction may not be considered a conviction for any purpose; authorizing a 16 person to file a petition for expungement of certain records if the person was 17convicted of a crime and the conviction was vacated under a certain provision of law; defining certain terms; making a conforming change; and generally relating to 1819human trafficking and motions to vacate judgment.

- 20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 21 Article Criminal Procedure
- 22 Section 8–302 and 10–105(a)
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2019 Supplement)
- 25 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 26 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 27

Article – Criminal Procedure

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



	2 HOUSE BILL 242
1	8-302.
$2 \\ 3$	(A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.
4	(2) "QUALIFYING OFFENSE" MEANS:
5 6	(I) UNNATURAL OR PERVERTED SEXUAL PRACTICE UNDER § 3–322 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
7 8	(II) POSSESSING OR ADMINISTERING A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
9 10	(III) POSSESSING OR PURCHASING A NONCONTROLLED SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–618 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
11 12	(IV) POSSESSING OR DISTRIBUTING CONTROLLED PARAPHERNALIA UNDER § 5–620(A)(2) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
13 14	(V) FOURTH-DEGREE BURGLARY UNDER § 6–205 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(VI) MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY IN THE LESSER DEGREE UNDER § 6–301(C) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
17 18	(VII) A TRESPASS OFFENSE UNDER TITLE 6, SUBTITLE 4 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
19 20	(VIII) MISDEMEANOR THEFT UNDER § 7–104 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
21 22	(IX) MISDEMEANOR OBTAINING PROPERTY OR SERVICES BY BAD CHECK UNDER § 8–103 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	(X) POSSESSION OR USE OF A FRAUDULENT GOVERNMENT IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT UNDER § 8–303 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\frac{25}{26}$	(XI) PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FRAUD UNDER § 8–503 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
27 28 29	(XII) FALSE STATEMENT TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR PUBLIC OFFICIAL UNDER § 9–501, § 9–502, OR § 9–503 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
30	(XIII) DISTURBING THE PUBLIC PEACE AND DISORDERLY

 $\mathbf{2}$

1	CONDUCT UNDER § 10–201 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$2 \\ 3$	(XIV) INDECENT EXPOSURE UNDER § 11–107 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
4 5	(XV) PROSTITUTION UNDER § 11–303 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
6 7	(XVI) DRIVING WITH A SUSPENDED REGISTRATION UNDER § 13–401(H) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\frac{8}{9}$	(XVII) FAILURE TO DISPLAY REGISTRATION UNDER § 13–409(B) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
10 11	(XVIII) DRIVING WITHOUT A LICENSE UNDER § 16–101 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\frac{12}{13}$	(XIX) FAILURE TO DISPLAY LICENSE TO POLICE UNDER § 16–112(C) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(XX) POSSESSION OF A SUSPENDED LICENSE UNDER § 16–301(J) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\frac{16}{17}$	(XXI) DRIVING WHILE PRIVILEGE IS CANCELED, SUSPENDED, REFUSED, OR REVOKED UNDER § 16–303 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
18 19	(XXII) OWNER FAILURE TO MAINTAIN SECURITY ON A VEHICLE UNDER § 17–104(B) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(XXIII) DRIVING WHILE UNINSURED UNDER § 17–107 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE; OR
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	(XXIV) PROSTITUTION OR LOITERING AS PROHIBITED UNDER LOCAL LAW.
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(3) "VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING" MEANS A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO AN ACT OF ANOTHER COMMITTED IN VIOLATION OF:
26	(I) TITLE 3, SUBTITLE 11 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
27 28	(II) § 1589, § 1590, § 1591, OR § 1594(A) OF TITLE 18 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.
29	[(a)] (B) A person convicted of [prostitution under § 11–303 of the Criminal Law

1 Article] A QUALIFYING OFFENSE may file a motion to vacate the judgment if[, when the 2 person committed the act or acts of prostitution, the person was acting under duress caused 3 by an act of another committed in violation of Title 3, Subtitle 11 of the Criminal Law 4 Article or the prohibition against human trafficking under federal law] THE PERSON'S 5 PARTICIPATION IN THE OFFENSE WAS A DIRECT RESULT OF BEING A VICTIM OF 6 HUMAN TRAFFICKING.

- 7 [(b)] (C) A motion filed under this section shall:
- 8 (1) be in writing;
- 9 (2) [be signed and consented to by the State's Attorney;
- 10 (3)] be made within a reasonable period of time after the conviction; [and]

11 [(4)] (3) describe the evidence and [provide] INCLUDE copies of any 12 documents showing that the [defendant] MOVANT is entitled to relief under this section;

13(4) BE SERVED ON THE STATE'S ATTORNEY IN THE JURISDICTION14WHERE THE CONVICTION FOR THE QUALIFYING OFFENSE OCCURRED; AND

15 **(5)** IF THE QUALIFYING OFFENSE OCCURRED WITHIN 5 YEARS 16 BEFORE THE FILING OF THE MOTION, BE MAILED TO ANY VICTIM OR VICTIM'S 17 REPRESENTATIVE AT THE VICTIM'S OR VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE'S LAST KNOWN 18 ADDRESS.

Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the court 19 [(c)] **(D)** (1)20shall hold a hearing on a motion filed under this section if the motion satisfies the 21requirements of subsection (b) of this section] AFTER A HEARING, THE COURT MAY 22GRANT A MOTION FILED UNDER THIS SECTION ON A FINDING BASED ON A 23PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE THAT THE MOVANT COMMITTED THE 24QUALIFYING OFFENSE AS A DIRECT RESULT OF BEING A VICTIM OF HUMAN 25TRAFFICKING.

26 (2) WHEN MAKING A FINDING UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT 27 SHALL CONSIDER:

28 (I) THE LENGTH OF TIME BETWEEN THE OFFENSE AND THE 29 TRAFFICKING OF THE MOVANT;

30(II) THE DYNAMICS OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE31MOVANT AND THE PERSON COMMITTING TRAFFICKING AGAINST THE MOVANT; AND

32 (III) ANY OTHER RELEVANT EVIDENCE.

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THE COURT SHALL GRANT A MOTION FILED UNDER THIS SECTION 1 **(E)** $\mathbf{2}$ WITHOUT A HEARING IF: (1) 3 THE STATE'S ATTORNEY CONSENTS TO THE MOTION; 4 (2) NO OBJECTION TO THE RELIEF REQUESTED HAS BEEN FILED BY A $\mathbf{5}$ VICTIM OR VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE; AND 6 (3) AT LEAST 60 DAYS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE NOTICE AND SERVICE $\overline{7}$ UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION. 8 [(2)] **(F)** The court may dismiss a motion FILED UNDER THIS SECTION

- 9 without a hearing if the court finds that:
- 10 (1) the motion fails to assert grounds on which relief may be granted;

11(2) THE MOTION OFFERS NO ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE BEYOND THAT12WHICH HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONSIDERED BY THE COURT; OR

13(3)THE MOVANT ACTED FRAUDULENTLY OR IN BAD FAITH IN FILING14THE MOTION.

15 [(d)] (G) (1) [In ruling on] IF A COURT GRANTS a motion filed under this 16 section, the court [may] SHALL vacate the conviction[, modify the sentence, or grant a new 17 trial].

18 (2) The court shall state the reasons for its ruling on the record.

19 [(e)] (H) A [defendant] MOVANT in a proceeding under this section has the 20 burden of proof.

21 (I) A CONVICTION THAT HAS BEEN VACATED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY 22 NOT BE CONSIDERED A CONVICTION FOR ANY PURPOSE.

23 10-105.

(a) A person who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a
violation of the Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be imposed,
or who has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile offense, may
file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police record, court record, or other
record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of the State if:

- 29 (1) the person is acquitted;
- 30 (2) the charge is otherwise dismissed;

a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is charged

$\frac{2}{3}$	with a violation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 or § 3–211 of the Criminal Law Article;					
45	(4) a nolle prosequi or nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or alcohol treatment is entered;					
6 7 8	(5) the court indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by marking the criminal charge "stet" or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment on the docket;					
9	(6)	the ca	ase is compromised under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article;			
10 11	(7) article;	the cl	narge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of this			
12	(8)	the pe	erson:			
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14 \end{array}$	of violence; and	(i)	is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a crime			
15		(ii)	is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;			
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(9) the person was convicted of a crime or found not criminally responsible under any State or local law that prohibits:					
18		(i)	urination or defecation in a public place;			
19		(ii)	panhandling or soliciting money;			
20		(iii)	drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;			
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	public conveyance;	(iv)	obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a			
23		(v)	sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or doorways;			
24		(vi)	loitering;			
25		(vii)	vagrancy;			
$\frac{26}{27}$	exhibiting proof of	(viii) payme	riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or ent; or			

except for carrying or possessing an explosive, acid, concealed (ix) weapon, or other dangerous article as provided in § 7-705(b)(6) of the Transportation

(3)

1	Article, any of the acts specified in § 7–705 of the Transportation Article;				
$\frac{2}{3}$	(10) the person was found not criminally responsible under any State or local law that prohibits misdemeanor:				
4	(i) trespass;				
5	(ii) disturbing the peace; or				
6	(iii) telephone misuse;				
7 8	(11) the person was convicted of a crime and the act on which the conviction was based is no longer a crime; [or]				
9 10	(12) the person was convicted of possession of marijuana under § 5–601 of the Criminal Law Article; ${\bf OR}$				
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(13) THE PERSON WAS CONVICTED OF A CRIME AND THE CONVICTION WAS VACATED UNDER § 8–302 OF THIS ARTICLE.				
19	SECTION 9 AND RE IT FURTHER ENACTED That this Act shall take offect June				

13 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect June14 1, 2020.